

**PHYTOSANITARY IMPORT CONDITIONS FOR IMPORTATION OF FRESH PINEAPPLE
(*Ananas comosus* (L.) FROM SRI LANKA INTO PAKISTAN FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION**

1. These phytosanitary import conditions shall apply exclusively to the importation of Sri Lanka origin fresh pineapple fruits (*Ananas comosus* (L.) Merr.) from Sri Lanka in to Pakistan for human consumption and industrial processing purposes.
2. No consignment shall be imported except under and in accordance with a valid import permit issued by the Department of Plant Protection prior to shipment from the country of origin, and each consignment shall be accompanied by a valid phytosanitary certificate issued by the National Plant Protection Organization of the exporting country.
3. Any consignment not accompanied by a valid phytosanitary certificate issued by the National Plant Protection Organization of the exporting country shall be refused entry and shall be liable to confiscation, destruction, deportation or re-export at the expense and risk of the importer in accordance with the Pakistan Plant Quarantine Rules, 2019.
4. The Phytosanitary Certificate shall bear the following Additional Declaration:
"The consignment has been inspected or tested and found free of Achatina fulica, Chromolaena odorata, Cyathodium cinereum, Digitaria abyssinica, Drymaria cordata, Geococcus coffeae, Leptochloa chinensis, Melastoma malabathricum, Mimosa diplotricha, Oldenlandia corymbosa, Panicum repen, Paspalum urvillei, Passiflora foetida, Pennisetum purpureum, Sida acuta, Stachytarpheta jamaicensis, Synedrella nodiflora, Cissus verticillata, Dickeya chrysanthemi, Dismicoccus brevipes (Pink Pineapple Mealybug), Drosophila melanogaster, Bactrocera kandiensis, Ceratitis capitata."
5. The consignment shall be clean and substantially free from soil, plant debris, animal contamination and any other extraneous material of phytosanitary concern, and any consignment exceeding acceptable tolerance limits shall be deemed non-compliant.
6. The consignment shall be subjected to an appropriate quarantine treatment effective against associated pests if any pests are detected during inspection at origin. This treatment shall be duly recorded in the treatment section of the phytosanitary certificate.
7. The consignment shall be transported, handled and unloaded in a manner that preserves its phytosanitary integrity, and, where packaging is undertaken, it shall be carried out using new, clean and sound packaging.
8. Upon inspection at the port of entry, where an authorized officer determines the presence of a quarantine pest, the case shall be referred to the Plant Protection Advisor and Director General for decision. The consignment may, upon such decision, be subjected to any one or a combination of appropriate phytosanitary measures, including sorting, treatment, destruction, deportation or re-export to the country of origin, at the expense of the importer.
9. Where a regulated non-quarantine pest or other non-compliance is detected, the matter shall be referred to the Director General, Department of Plant Protection, for determination of appropriate remedial measures, which may include treatment, re-export or disposal, in accordance with rule 47 of the Pakistan Plant Quarantine Rules, 2019.
10. These conditions shall be applied in accordance with the principles of pest risk analysis and risk management consistent with international standards, including ISPM 11 and ISPM 14, and shall be enforced under the Pakistan Plant Quarantine Rules, 2019, and may be amended following the consents of the both NPPOs.